# Self-Assembling and DisAssembling (SADA) bispecific antibodies for 2-step Pretargeted Radioimmunotherapy (PRIT)

### Brian H. Santich, PhD Laboratory of Dr. Nai-Kong V. Cheung, MD PhD Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center



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### Disclosures

- BS and NKC were named as inventors on US patents (licensed and unlicensed) filed by MSKCC
- SADA Technologies have been licensed to YmAbs Therapeutics
- NKC is an advisory board member for Abpro-Labs and Eureka Therapeutics.
- MSK, NKC, and SML hold financial interest in YmAbs Therapeutics

# Conventional RadioImmunoTherapy (RIT) suffers from high levels of unwanted exposure to non-target tissues



Low Tumor:Blood Ratio High toxicity

Blood exposure (payload) Tumor uptake (payload) Antibody clearance

# 2-step Pretargted RIT (PRIT) improves this, but can still lead to high amounts of radiation to the blood and bone marrow



Blood exposure (payload) Tumor uptake (payload) Antibody clearance Adding a clearing agent (3-step PRIT) can mitigate this risk, but also adds complexity to the clinical translation



Blood exposure (payload) Tumor uptake (payload) Antibody clearance

### Ideal 2-step PRIT needs a self-clearing targeting antibody



Tumor uptake (payload) Antibody clearance SADA: Self-Assembling and DisAssembling domains provide an opportunity to eliminate clearing agent step



BsAb Format	Terminal Half life
Tandem scFv (BiTE)	0.45 hour
P53-SADA-BsAb	8 hour
lgG-BsAb	72 hour

### Faster clearance kinetics reduces immunogenicity





## Faster clearance kinetics improves contrast without compromising tumor uptake

PET/CT imaging with DOTA[<sup>86</sup>Y] BsAb + DOTA[<sup>86</sup>Y] 48hours later

IgG-scFv-BsAb IgG-scFv-BsAb P53-SADA-BsAb 2-step - No CA 3-step – with CA 2-step – No CA

# 2-step SADA PRIT can cure mice implanted with human neuroblastoma xenografts, without renal or hepatic or myelotoxicity



(dov o)

### 2-step SADA PRIT can shrink small cell lung-cancer patient derived xenografts (PDX), and metastatic relapses



- Large tumors (>1,000 mm3) respond to single dose of <sup>225</sup>Ac
- Durability is high, with some relapse
- In a model of metastatic relapse, subcutaneous metastases respond to both <sup>177</sup>Lu and <sup>225</sup>Ac therapies

### Conclusions

- SADA domains allow for rapid clearance of drug, while maintaining high target uptake
  - Less Immunogenicity
  - More contrast
- 2-step payload delivery can be achieved, safely and effectively
  - Tumors shrink while other tissues spared
  - No clearing agent needed
  - No toxicity to bone marrow, kidneys or liver
- SADA system is modular
  - Exemplified with GD2/BnDOTA but other targets and payloads are possible
  - Any DOTA-modified payload
  - Any antigen targeted with an antibody



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